This rehabilitation program is designed to return the individual to their activities as quickly and safely as possible. It is designed for rehabilitation following patellar tendon or quadriceps tendon repair. Modifications to this guideline may be necessary dependent on physician-specific instructions, the location of the repair, concomitant injuries or procedures performed. This evidence-based patellar tendon or quadriceps tendon repair guideline is criterion-based. Time frames and visits in each phase will vary depending on many factors, including patient demographics, goals and individual progress. This guideline is designed to progress the individual from rehabilitation to full sport and activity participation. The therapist may modify the program appropriately depending on the individual’s goals for activity following patellar tendon or quadriceps tendon repair.

This guideline is intended to provide the treating clinician with a frame of reference for rehabilitation. It is not intended to substitute clinical judgment regarding the patient’s post-operative care based on exam or treatment findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of concomitant procedures or post-operative complications. If the clinician should have questions regarding post-operative progression, they should contact the referring physician.
General Guidelines/Precautions:

- Patient will be placed in a hinged knee brace locked in full extension immediately post-operatively.
  - Progression of weight-bearing to full weight-bearing in a brace locked into full extension by week 4.
  - Weight-bearing with brace opened to appropriate ROM (0-90 degrees max.) weeks 6+.
  - Discharge of brace or progression to alternate brace at week 8-10 or as cleared by physician.

- PROM goal of 0-90 degrees by week 10, full motion by week 20.

- Locked brace worn at all times except with ROM exercises until week 6.

- Persistent effusion (>10 weeks) may require altered or slower progression through remainder of protocol.

- Light running is permitted between 16-24 weeks post-operatively when cleared by physician and quadriceps has less than 30% deficit via isometric or isokinetic testing.

- Limited-depth closed chain strengthening (0-70 degrees) for the first 16 weeks.

- No full-depth closed chain strengthening (90 degrees or greater) until 6 months.

- Return to sport is allowed at 9-12 months post-operatively if the patient is symptom free and has passed a functional evaluation (as determined by physician and physical therapist).

- If available and per physician preference, blood flow restriction (BFR) training may begin after suture removal and may progress with recommendations. Please refer to the BFR guideline for more detailed information.

- Quadriceps tendon repair may require longer recovery of full quadriceps strength and function.
# Patellar Tendon or Quadriceps Tendon Repair Rehabilitation Guideline (6-8 months depending on progress and goals)

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<td><strong>Discuss:</strong> Anatomy, existing pathology, post-operative rehab schedule, bracing and expected progressions</td>
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<td>Patient Education Phase</td>
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<td><strong>Immediatel post-operative instructions:</strong></td>
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<td>Range of Motion</td>
<td>• Ankle pumps</td>
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<td>• Heel prop (passive extension)</td>
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<td>• Contralateral leg exercise</td>
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<td>Functional Mobility</td>
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<td>• Transfer training</td>
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<td>• ADLs with adaptive equipment as needed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Positioning (when in bed)</td>
<td>• Use a towel roll under ankle to promote knee extension.</td>
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<td>• Never place anything under the operative knee. This can cause difficulty reaching the goal of full extension.</td>
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| **Phase II**    | **Specific Instructions:**                                                                 | **Goals of Phase:**                                                                                   |
| Maximum Protection Phase |                                                                                                   | 1. Provide environment for proper healing of repair site                                               |
| Weeks 0-6       | • No Active Knee Extension, No Biking, No AROM                                                | 2. Prevention of post-operative complications                                                          |
|                 | • Weight-bearing in a locked brace (full extension) with crutches, crutch weaning per surgeon preference | 3. Post-operative pain control                                                                         |
|                 | **Suggested Treatments:**                                                                     | 4. Independent ambulation with full weight-bearing                                                    |
|                 | **Modalities as Indicated:** Edema-controlling treatments                                      | 5. Independent with home exercise program                                                              |
|                 | **ROM:** No AROM                                                                            |                                                                                                  |
|                 | • With a strong fixation and physician approval, progress knee PROM from 0-90 degrees during weeks 3-6 as able |                                                                                                  |
|                 | **Exercise Examples:**                                                                      | **Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:**                                                                 |
|                 | • SLR in 4 directions with brace on                                                           | 1. Control of post-operative pain (0-1/10 with ADLs in brace)                                         |
|                 | • Standing heel raises                                                                      | 2. Resolution of post-operative effusion (trace to 1+)                                                 |
|                 | • Gluteal and hamstring isometrics                                                           | 3. Restoration of full extension (compared to contralateral side)                                      |
|                 | • UBE for cardiovascular exercises                                                           |                                                                                                  |

(continued on next page)
### Phase III
**Protected Motion Phase**

**Weeks 6-10**

**Expected visits:** 4-9

**Specific Instructions:**
- Continue with previous exercise program
- **Gait:** Progressively unlock brace to 90 degrees as quadriceps strength permits (No running or ballistic movements)

**Suggested Treatments:**

**Modalities Indicated:** Edema-controlling treatments

**ROM:** Gentle knee flexion

**Manual Therapy:** Gentle patellar mobilizations as indicated

**Exercise Examples:**
- Quad isometrics
- Midrange, SAQ extension from 40-90 degrees
- CKC activities at 0-40 degrees
- Heel slides
- Treadmill walking
- Single-leg stance balance activities
- Lower extremity stretching (hamstring, calf, glut, adductors, etc.)
- Non-weight-bearing hip stability exercises (i.e., clams, fire hydrant, side-lying SLR)

**Goals of Phase:**
1. Prevention of complications through gentle protected motion (symmetrical hyper-extension to approximately 130 degrees flexion)
2. Reduction of post-operative swelling and inflammation (no to trace effusion)
3. Re-education and initiation of quad control with active SLR without extension lag
4. Wean from brace and establish proper gait pattern
5. Begin closed chain strength and proprioceptive training (0-40 degrees of flexion)

**Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:**
1. Increase knee range of motion to 0-90 degrees or more
2. Ambulate with normalized gait pattern
3. Perform SLR with minimal or no extensor lag
4. Joint effusion of trace or less

### Phase IV
**Motion and Muscle Activation Phase**

**Weeks 10-20**

**Expected visits:** 6-12

**Specific Instructions:**
- Continue previous hip and quadriceps strengthening exercises.
- **Weight-bearing:** Discontinue brace as gait normalizes and quadriceps control increases.

**Suggested Treatments:**

**Modalities:** Control pain and inflammation if present.

**ROM:** Progress to full AROM
- Begin cautious prone quadriceps stretch.

**Exercise Examples:**
- Begin stationary bicycle and stair stepper, light resistance
- Weight-bearing double leg support hip stability (i.e., static squats, surfer squats) progressing to resistance bands.
- Static proprioception training (double to single leg) with perturbation on variable surfaces (rocker board, airex pads, air discs, etc.) and emphasis on proper hip/knee stability and hip strategy.
- Observe depth of closed chain quad strengthening avoiding rotation and dynamic valgus stress at knee:
  - Which Includes:
    - Forward and lateral step ups
    - Mini-squats
    - Wall squats
  - Initiation of light resisted hamstring curls and heel slides
  - Leg press (0-90 degrees pain free)
  - Full arc knee extension 0-90 degrees

**Other Activities:**
- Aquatic program (if available) - including pool walking, and closed chain strengthening/balance consistent with restrictions above

**Goals of Phase:**
1. Progression of ROM program to near full motion (full extension to 130 degrees flexion)
2. Improve muscular strength and endurance
3. Control of forces on extensor mechanism
4. Normalized level ground ambulation
5. Normalized single leg static balance with proper proximal control (no valgus and hip medial rotation)

**Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:**
1. AROM at 0-130 degrees
2. Normalized reciprocal stair climbing
3. Proper performance of level 2-4 MPI hip protocol

(continued on next page)
### Phase V
**Advanced Strengthening and Eccentric Control Phase**
- **Weeks 20-24**
- **Expected visits: 1-5**

**Specific Instructions:**
- Continue previous exercises

**Suggested Treatments:**
- **ROM:** Progression of closed and open chain quad strengthening (0-90 degrees)

**Exercise Examples:**
- Squat progressions (rocker board, BOSU)
- Progress through single limb and dynamic hip stability (i.e., simulated wall push, standing clam, crab walks, monster walks with resistance bands)
- Agility drills (4 square, quicksteps)
- Proprioception training

**Other Activities:**
- Initiate jogging with normalized step down, hip strength and gait symmetry (20 weeks)

**Goals of Phase:**
1. Restoration of full pain-free PROM/AROM (equal to contralateral knee) and full resolution of post-operative effusion
2. Normal pain-free ADLs
3. Improved quad strength
4. Normalized gluteal strength

**Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:**
1. Full AROM compared to opposite limb
2. Proper biomechanics and control with front step down
3. Improved single leg proprioception (80% or greater on anterior and posterior lateral reach or Y balance test)
4. Improved quad strength (75% opposite limb)

### Phase VI
**Advanced Movement and Impact Phase**
- **Months 6-8+**
- **Expected Visits: 1-4**

**Specific Instructions:**
- Progression to running program with training (see Return to Running guideline) to improve/normalize form and shock absorption
- Progression of open and closed chain strengthening for the entire LE chain with emphasis on single limb strengthening.
- Progression to higher level activities and sports-specific activities as strength and control dictate

**Suggested Treatments:**

**Exercise Examples:**
- Initiate deceleration and single leg hopping
- Initiate cutting activities

**Goals of Phase:**
1. Tolerate single leg plyometrics and progression to higher level functional movements
2. Running pain free

**Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:**
1. Improved single leg proprioception (95% or greater on anterior and posterior lateral reach or Y balance test)
2. Improved quad strength (80-90% opposite limb)

### Phase VII
**Return to Sport**
- **Months 8-12+**
- **Expected Visits: 0-4**

**Specific instructions:**
- **Begin progression back into sport:**
  - Refer to Return to Competition Guideline

**Suggested Criteria for Discharge:**
1. Refer to Knee Return to Sport Testing for criteria if returning to sport
NOTE: Progression of functional activities should be performed only as pain and proper biomechanics allow. Emphasis should be on proper shock absorption and control of dynamic valgus stress at knee (hip medial rotation with knee valgus) with each task performed. Progression to single limb-based tasks (deceleration, hopping, and cutting) should not be performed until double limb activities have been mastered. Activities requiring dynamic control of rotational stress at the knee (cutting, multiple plane lunges/jumps/hops) should not be performed until sagittal and frontal plane control has been mastered. Return to sport may occur at any time during this stage as cleared by physician and as progress and goal achievement occurs.

REFERENCES:


Revision Dates: 1/2018, 12/2022