

Meniscal Repair Guideline

This rehabilitation program is designed to return the individual to their activities as quickly and safely as possible. It is designed for rehabilitation following arthroscopic meniscal repair. Modifications to the protocol may be necessary dependent on location of repair, concomitant injuries or procedures performed. This evidence-based meniscal repair rehabilitation protocol is criterion-based and time frames in each phase will vary depending on many factors including patient demographics, goals, and individual progress. This protocol is designed to progress the individual through rehabilitation to full sport/ activity participation. The therapist must modify the program appropriately depending on the individual's goals for activity following meniscal repair.

This protocol is intended to provide the treating clinician with a guideline for rehabilitation. It is not intended to substitute for making sound clinical decisions regarding the patient's post-operative care based on exam/ treatment findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of concomitant procedures or post-operative complications. If the clinician should have questions regarding post-operative progression, they should contact the referring physician.

General Guidelines:

- Patient will be placed in a hinged knee brace locked in full extension immediately post operatively.
 - Patient will be allowed to weight bear in the locked brace (full extension) following surgery unless otherwise directed for the first 4 weeks.
 - Weight bearing with brace opened to appropriate ROM (0-90 max) weeks 4+.
 - Discharge of the brace at week 6 or as cleared by physician.
- PROM 0-90 degrees by week 4, full motion by week 10.
- Brace to be worn at all times except when doing ROM exercises for the first 4 weeks and further as instructed by physician.
- No resisted hamstring resisted exercises for 6 weeks.
- Persistent effusion (>10 weeks) may require altered or slower progression through remainder of protocol.
- Light running is then permitted at 12-16 weeks postoperatively as cleared by physician.
- No squatting greater than 90 degrees is permitted until 16 weeks postoperative.
- Return to sport is allowed at 16-24 weeks postoperative if the patient is symptom free & has passed a functional evaluation (as determined by physician).

Postoperative Rehabilitation (4-6 months depending on patient goals and progress)

PHASE	SUGGESTED INTERVENTIONS	GOALS/MILESTONES FOR PROGRESSION
<p>Phase I <i>Maximum Protection Phase</i></p> <p>0-2 Weeks</p> <p>0-1 Expected Visits</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Edema controlling treatments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ice, compression therapy/garments, elevation • Weight bearing in locked brace (full extension) • Passive and AAROM within protected ROM (0-90 degrees) - No Active Knee Flexion, No <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Biking • Patella mobilizations • Compression (donut) pad for edema control • Quad sets with NMES as needed • SLR in 4 directions 	<p>Goals of Phase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide environment of proper healing of repair site • Control of post-operative pain (0-1/10 with ADL's in brace) • Resolution of post-operative effusion (trace to 1+) • Prevention of post-operative complications • Restoration of full extension (compared to contralateral side) • PROM 0-90 degrees
<p>Phase II <i>Protected Motion Phase</i></p> <p>3-6 Weeks</p> <p>4-9 Expected Visits</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue with previous exercise program • Progressive ROM program with progression >90 degrees beginning week 5 • Continue weight bearing in locked brace (full extension) until week 5 • FWB with brace opened to appropriate range (0-90 degrees max) beginning week 4 • Multi-angle quad isometrics • Open chain knee extensions (90-0 degrees) with no additional resistance • Clamshells • Fire Hydrants • Weight shifts in knee brace • Proprioception training (double leg beginning week 5) - No twisting, pivoting) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BOSU or rockerboard balance training • Squats on rockerboard • Mat based trunk stabilization program for core strength (no planks) 	<p>Goals of Phase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prevention of complications through gentle protected motion (symmetrical hyper-extension to approximately 120 degrees flexion) • Reduction of post-operative swelling and inflammation (no to trace effusion) • Re-education and initiation of quad control with active SLR without extension lag • Level ground ambulation with minimal faults by week 6
<p>Phase III <i>Motion and Muscle Activation Phase</i></p> <p>6-9 Weeks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue previous hip and quad strengthening exercises • Progression of ROM program - (Bike for ROM only) • Light resisted open chain knee extension (SAQ 90-30 degrees) • Static proprioception training (double to single leg) with perturbation and variable surfaces (rocker board, airex pads, air discs, etc.) with emphasis on proper hip/knee stability and hip strategy. • Limited depth closed chain quad strengthening (0-60 degrees) avoiding rotation and dynamic valgus stress at knee. Includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Forward and lateral step ups • Mini-squats (BW only) • Wall squats • Initiation of light resisted hamstring curls • Aquatic program (if available) - including pool walking, and closed chain • Strengthening/balance consistent with restrictions above- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No running/jumping, • Swimming allowed with straight knee only • Plank progression for core strength and stabilization • Light cardiovascular conditioning program <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stationary bike • Level ground walking 	<p>Goals of Phase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Progression of ROM program to near full motion (full extension to 135 degrees flexion) • Improve muscular strength and endurance • Control of forces on extensor mechanism • Normalized level ground ambulation • Normalized single leg static balance with proper proximal control (no valgus and hip medial rotation)
<p>Phase IV <i>Advanced strengthening and eccentric control phase</i></p> <p>9-12 Weeks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue previous exercises • Progression of closed and open chain quad strengthening (0-90 degrees) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Squat progressions (rocker board, BOSU) • Lateral dips • Forward step downs • Front lunges • Isotonic knee extension • Heel raises <p style="text-align: right;"><i>(continued on next page)</i></p>	<p>Goals of Phase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restoration of full pain-free PROM/AROM (equal to contralateral knee) and full resolution of post-operative effusion. • Normal pain-free ADL's • Improved quad strength (80% of contralateral limb) <p style="text-align: right;"><i>(continued on next page)</i></p>

Proximal Hamstring Re-attachment Rehabilitation Guideline (28 weeks)

PHASE	SUGGESTED INTERVENTIONS	GOALS/MILESTONES FOR PROGRESSION
<p>Phase IV</p>	<p><i>(continued from previous page)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-impact cardiovascular conditioning <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Walking program • Elliptical • Stairmaster • Aquatic running at 3 months 	<p><i>(continued from previous page)</i></p> <p>Goals of Phase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normalized gluteal strength • Proper biomechanics and control with front step down • Improved single leg proprioception (85% or greater on anterior and posterior lateral reach of Y Balance test)
<p>Phase V <i>Advanced movement and Impact Phase</i> 3-6 Weeks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Progression to running program (with appropriate bracing) with training to improve/normalize form and shock absorption (as cleared by MD) • Progression of open and closed chain strengthening for the entire LE chain with emphasis on single limb strengthening. • Progression to higher level activities and sports specific activities as strength and control dictate (as cleared by MD) • Suggested activity progression • Initiating double limb jump training (around 4 months) • Initiate deceleration and single leg hopping (around 5 months) • Initiate cutting activities (around 5 months) • Initiate agility (floor ladder and cone drills) and sport specific activities (around 5 months) 	<p>Goals of Phase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <10% strength deficit in quads and gluteals • Limb similarity index of 90% or greater on functional hop tests and Y balance tests • 45/50 on Biomechanical functional assessment tests (if performed) • No pain or complaints of instability with functional progression of sport specific skills

****NOTE:** Progression of functional activities should be performed only as pain and proper biomechanics allow. Emphasis should be on proper shock

absorption and control of dynamic valgus stress at knee (hip medial rotation with knee valgus) with each task performed. Progression to single limb based tasks (deceleration, hopping, cutting) should not be performed until double limb activities have been mastered. Activities requiring dynamic control of rotational stress at the knee (cutting, multiple plane lunges/jumps/hops) should not be performed until sagittal and frontal plane control has been mastered. Return to sport may occur at any time during this stage as cleared by physician and as progress and goal achievement occurs.

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(28 weeks)