

## Patellar Tendon Repair Rehabilitation Guideline

This rehabilitation program is designed to return the individual to their activities as quickly and safely as possible. It is designed for rehabilitation following patellar tendon repair. Modifications to this guideline may be necessary dependent on physician specific instruction, location of repair, concomitant injuries or procedures performed. This evidence-based patellar tendon repair guideline is criterion-based; time frames and visits in each phase will vary depending on many factors- including patient demographics, goals, and individual progress. This guideline is designed to progress the individual through rehabilitation to full sport/ activity participation. The therapist may modify the program appropriately depending on the individual's goals for activity following patellar tendon repair

This guideline is intended to provide the treating clinician a frame of reference for rehabilitation. It is not intended to substitute clinical judgment regarding the patient's post-operative care based on exam/treatment findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of concomitant procedures or post-operative complications. If the clinician should have questions regarding post-operative progression, they should contact the referring physician.

## **General Guidelines/ Precautions:**

- Patient will be placed in a hinged knee brace locked in full extension immediately post operatively.
  - Progression of weight bearing to full weight bearing in brace locked into full extension by week 4
  - Weight bearing with brace opened to appropriate ROM (0-90 max) weeks 6+.
  - Discharge of brace or progression to alternate brace at week 8-10 or as cleared by physician.
- PROM goal of 0-90 degrees by week 10, full motion by week 20.
- Locked brace worn at all times except with ROM exercises until week 6.
- Persistent effusion (>10 weeks) may require altered or slower progression through remainder of protocol.
- Light running is permitted between 16-24 weeks postoperatively when cleared by physician and quadriceps has less than 30% deficit.
- Limited depth closed chain strengthening (0-70 degrees) for the first 16 weeks.
- No full depth closed chain strengthening (90 or greater) until 6 months.
- Return to sport is allowed at 6-8 months postoperative if the patient is symptom free & has passed a functional evaluation (as determined by MD and PT)

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Phase	Suggested Interventions	Goals/ Milestones for Progression
Phase I	Discuss: Anatomy, existing pathology, post-op rehab schedule,	
	bracing, and expected progressions	
Patient Education Phase		
	Immediate Post-Operative instructions:	
	Range of Motion	
	- Ankle pumps	
	- Heel Prop (passive extension)	
	- Contralateral leg exercise	
	Functional Mobility	
	- Gait training on level surfaces	
	- Stair training	
	- Transfer training	
	<ul> <li>ADL's with adaptive equip as needed</li> </ul>	
	Positioning (when in bed)	
	<ul> <li>Use a towel roll under ankle to promote knee extension</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Never place anything under the operative knee. This can cause</li> </ul>	
	difficulty reaching the goal of full extension.	
		Goals of Phase:
Phase II	Specific Instructions:	1. Provide environment of proper healing of repair site
	-No Active Knee Extension, No Biking, No AROM	2. Prevention of post-operative complications
Maximum Protection	-Weight bearing in locked brace (full extension) with crutches	3. Post op Pain control
Phase	Suggested Treatments:	4. Independent ambulation with full weight bearing
	Modalities as indicated: Edema controlling treatments	5. Independent with nome exercise program
Weeks 0-6	ROM: No AROM	
	<ul> <li>With a strong fixation and MD approval progress knee PROM from</li> </ul>	Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:
Expected visits: 2-6	0-90 during weeks 3-6 as able	6. Control of post-operative pain (0-1/10 with ADL's in
	Exercise Examples:	brace)
	<ul> <li>SLR in 4 directions with brace on</li> </ul>	7. Resolution of post-operative effusion (trace to 1+)
	- Standing heel raises	8. Restoration of full extension (compared to contralateral
	<ul> <li>Gluteal and hamstring isometrics</li> </ul>	side)
	- UBE for cardiovascular exercises	

## Patellar Tendon Repair Rehabilitation Guideline (6-8 months depending on progress and goals)

Phase III	Specific Instructions:	Goals of Phase:
Protected Motion Phase	<ul> <li>-Continue with previous exercise program</li> <li>- Gait: Progressively unlock brace to 90, as quad strength allows</li> <li>- No running or ballistic movements</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Prevention of complications through gentle protected motion (symmetrical hyper-extension to approximately 130 degrees flexion)</li> </ol>
Weeks 6-10 Expected visits: 4-9	<ul> <li>Suggested Treatments:</li> <li>Modalities Indicated: Edema controlling treatments</li> <li>ROM: Gentle knee flexion</li> <li>Manual Therapy: Gentle Patellar mobilizations as indicated</li> <li><i>Exercise Examples:</i></li> <li>Quad isometrics</li> <li>Midrange, SAQ extension from 40-90 degrees</li> <li>CKC activities at 0-40 degrees</li> <li>Heel slides</li> <li>Treadmill walking</li> <li>Single-leg stance balance activities</li> <li>lower extremity stretching (Hamstring, calf, glut, adductors, etc.)</li> <li>Level 1 MPI hip protocol</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Reduction of post-operative swelling and inflammation (no to trace effusion)</li> <li>Re-education and initiation of quad control with active SLR without extension lag</li> <li>Wean from Brace and establish proper gait pattern</li> <li>Begin closed chain strength and proprioceptive training (0-40 degrees of flexion)</li> <li>Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:         <ol> <li>Increase knee range of motion to 0-90 degrees or more</li> <li>Ambulate with normalized gait pattern</li> <li>Perform SLR with minimal or no extensor lag</li> <li>Joint effusion of trace or less</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
		Goals of Phase:
Phase IV Motion and Muscle Activation Phase Weeks 10-20	Specific Instructions:         -Continue previous hip and quad strengthening exercises         -Weight Bearing: discontinue brace as gait normalizes and quad control increases         Suggested Treatments:         Modalities: control pain and inflammation if present         ROM: Progress to full AROM	<ol> <li>Progression of ROM program to near full motion (full extension to 130 degrees flexion)</li> <li>Improve muscular strength and endurance</li> <li>Control of forces on extensor mechanism</li> <li>Normalized level ground ambulation</li> <li>Normalized single leg static balance with proper proximal control (no valgus and hip medial rotation)</li> </ol>
Expected visits: 6-12	<ul> <li>Begin cautious prone quadriceps stretch</li> <li>Exercise Examples:</li> <li>Begin stationary bicycle and stair stepper, light resistance</li> <li>MPI level 2-4 hip protocol         <ul> <li>Static proprioception training (double to single leg) with perturbation on variable surfaces (rocker board, airex pads, air discs, etc.) &amp; emphasis on proper hip/knee stability and hip strategy.</li> <li>Observe depth of closed chain quad strengthening avoiding rotation and dynamic valgus stress at knee:</li> <li><u>Which Includes:</u> <ul> <li>Forward and lateral step ups</li> <li>Mini-squats</li> <li>Wall squats</li> <li>Initiation of light resisted hamstring curls and heel slides</li> <li>Leg press (0-90 degrees pain free)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:</li> <li>1. AROM at 0-130</li> <li>2. Normalized reciprocal stair climbing</li> <li>3. Proper performance of level 2-4 MPI hip protocol</li> </ul>

	- Full arc knee extension 0-90 degrees	
	Other Activities:	
	-Aquatic program (if available) - including pool walking, and closed	
	chain strengthening/balance consistent with restrictions above	
	Specific Instructions:	Goals of Phase:
Phase V	Continue previous exercises	1. Restoration of full pain-free PROM/AROM (equal to
	Suggested Treatments:	contralateral knee) and full resolution of post-operative
Advanced strengthening	ROM: Progression of closed and open chain quad strengthening (0-90	effusion.
and eccentric control	degrees)	2. Normal pain-free ADL's
phase	Exercise Examples:	3. Improved quad strength
,	-Squat progressions (rocker board, BOSU)	4. Normalized gluteal strength
Weeks 20-24	- MPI level 5	
	<ul> <li>Agility drills (4 square, quicksteps)</li> </ul>	Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:
Expected visits: 1-5	- Proprioception training	1. Full AROM compared to opposite limb
	Other Activities:	2. Proper biomechanics and control with front step down
	<ul> <li>Initiate jogging with normalized step down, hip strength and gait</li> </ul>	3. Improved single leg proprioception (80% or greater on
	symmetry (16 weeks)	anterior and posterior lateral reach or Y balance test)
		4. Improved quad strength (75% opposite imb)
Phase VI	Specific Instructions:	Suggested Criteria for Discharge
Thuse VI	-Progression to running program with training	1 < 10% strength deficit in quads and gluteals
Advanced Movement and	to improve/normalize form and shock absorption	2. Limb similarity index of 90% or greater on functional hop
Impact Phase	-Progression of open and closed chain strengthening for the entire LE	tests and Y balance tests
impuct Phase	chain	3. 45/50 on Biomechanical functional assessment tests (if
Months 4-7	with emphasis on single limb strengthening.	performed)
	-Progression to higher level activities and sports specific activities as	4. No pain or complaints of instability with functional
E . 1.6.1. 4.4	strength and control dictate	progression of sport specific skills
Expected Visits: 1-4	Suggested Treatments:	
	Exercise Examples:	
	-Initiate deceleration and single leg hopping (around 4-5 months)	
	-Initiate cutting activities (around 5 months)	
	-Initiate agility (floor ladder and cone drills) and sport specific activities	
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	(around 5 months)	

\*\*NOTE: Progression of functional activities should be performed only as pain and proper biomechanics allow. Emphasis should be on proper shock absorption and control of dynamic valgus stress at knee (hip medial rotation with knee valgus) with each task performed. Progression to single limb based tasks (deceleration, hopping, and cutting) should not be performed until double limb activities have been mastered. Activities requiring dynamic control of rotational stress at the knee (cutting, multiple plane lunges/jumps/hops) should not be performed until sagittal and frontal plane control has been mastered. Return to sport may occur at any time during this stage as cleared by physician and as progress and goal achievement occurs.

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