

This rehabilitation program is designed to return the individual to their activities as quickly and safely as possible. It is designed for rehabilitation following MCL reconstruction performed with an arthroscopic approach. Modifications to the protocol may be necessary dependent on type of graft used, primary reconstruction versus MCL revision, or concomitant injuries or procedures performed. This evidence-based MCL rehabilitation protocol is criterion-based and time frames in each phase will vary depending on many factors including patient demographics, goals, and individual progress. This protocol is designed to progress the individual through rehabilitation to full sport participation. The therapist must modify the program appropriately depending on the individual's goals for activity following reconstruction.

This guideline is intended to provide the treating clinician with a guideline for rehabilitation. It is not intended to substitute for making sound clinical decisions regarding the patient's post-operative care based on exam/treatment findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of post-operative complications. If the clinician should have questions regarding post-operative progression, they should contact the referring physician.



General Guidelines/Precautions:

- Therapist will monitor pain and swelling and adjust program appropriately.
- Neutral knee extension achieved by 2 weeks.
- Full flexion equal to other side in 6-8 weeks.
- Post-operative drop lock knee brace used for the first 6 weeks, unlocked for walking when patient can complete a SLR with no extension lag.
- Non-weight bearing to toe-touch weight-bearing expected per MD preference.
- Caution against excessive resisted open-chained exercises for first 12 weeks post-op
- Closed chain strengthening limited to 70 degrees for first 16 weeks post-op
- If available, Blood Flow Restriction (BFR) training can begin after suture removal and progress along with recommendations per physician approval.
- Level 1 testing (see Lower Extremity Testing Guideline) at or near 5 months post operatively.
 - No impact activities until full ROM, no swelling, adequate strength and biomechanics are demonstrated.
 - Progression to running program at 16-20 weeks based on Level 1 Return to Play testing, physician preference, when able to demonstrate sufficient symmetry and shock absorption with running mechanics and plyometrics.
- Level 2 testing (see Lower Extremity Testing Guideline) at 7+ months post-op
 - Return to full sport activities when able to complete Level 2 Return to Play testing with sufficient biomechanics, strength, balance and confidence. (See guideline and appendix for more specific information).

PHASE	SUGGESTED INTERVENTIONS	GOALS/MILESTONES FOR PROGRESSION
<i>Phase O</i> <i>Patient Education</i> <i>Phase</i> <i>Pre-operative Phase</i>	 Discuss: Anatomy, existing pathology, post-op rehab schedule, bracing, and expected progressions. Pre-Operative Testing: Test contralateral isokinetics at 60/180/3000/sec, introduce to blood flow restriction training. Instructions on Pre-Operative Exercises: Quad setting Straight leg raises Heel slides Towel calf stretching Immediate Post-Operative instructions: Use ice and medication as instructed Quad setting every hour Heel propped to tolerance every 3 hours 	 Goals of Phase: 1. Regain near normal joint and gait mechanics 2. Reduce fear or anxiety prior to surgery Criteria to Advance to Next Phase: 1. No pain or swelling 2. Normal gait and motion 3. Excellent quad activation
Phase I Maximum Protection Phase Weeks 0-6 Expected visits: 6-12	 Specific instructions: Non-weight bearing to toe touch weight bearing in locked brace per MD preference, unlocked with home program exercises Crutches for the first 6 weeks Suggested Treatments: Modalities as Indicated: Edema controlling treatments NMES for quad activation Range of Motion: Full extension to neutral at 2 weeks Flexion ROM to 90o at 2 weeks, 130o by 6 weeks Manual Therapy: Patellar mobilizations, focused on superior glide Exercise Examples: Quad set, straight leg raise, isometric quad set at 60o with strap Towel calf stretch, static knee extension stretch Seated PROM knee flexion, wall slide, towel heel slide Clamshells, SL hip abduction, calf raises Initiation of blood flow restriction training if applicable Other Activities: Recumbent bike, upright bike when ROM allows or week 4; no resistance, using strobe glasses, or other vision challenges with balance exercises 	 Goals of Phase: P1. Prevention of post- operative complications Reducing fear with regaining ROM. Prevention of arthrofibrosis through ROM program Reduction of post-operative swelling and inflammation (zero to trace effusion) Criteria to Advance to Next Phase: Control of post-operative pain (0-2/10 with ADL's in brace) Restoration of full extension PROM 0-1300 Independent SLR without brace with no extension lag

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Phase II	Specific Instructions:	Goals of Phase:
Early Rehabilitation	Continue with previous exercise program	1. Re-education and initiation of
Phase	 Progress to light CKC program with good knee control; limited to 70 degrees 	quad control with easy CKC program
Weeks 6-12	 Progress out of drop-lock brace with good quad 	2. Protect the graft
Expected visits: 6-9	control	3. Normalize gait
	 No pivoting on planted foot; full OKC exercises 	Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:
	 Suggested Treatments: Modalities: Edema controlling treatments NMES for quad activation ROM: Continue to reinforce full extension Progressive flexion as tolerated Manual Therapy: Continue with patellar mobilizations as indicated Exercise Examples: HS stretching Leg extensions 90-45 (see general guidelines above) 	 Symmetrical hyperextension to 130°+ flexion Normal walking Good knee control and symmetry with CKC exercises
	 4-8 inch eccentric step ups Mini squats to table, wall sits, band walks HS isometrics, AROM hamstring at 6 weeks DL or SL leg press to tolerance, eccentrics Proprioceptive progressions 	
	<i>Other Activities:</i> Recumbent bike, upright bike for light cardiovascular exercise 	

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• Weight training program on their own 1-2 times per

ROM: Progress to full flexion ROM (kneeling), progress

Phase III

Controlled Ambulation and Strengthening Phase

Weeks 12-20

Expected visits: 10-20

Exercise Examples:

week

Specific Instructions:

Suggested Treatments:

strength training

Week 12:

- Initiation of resisted hamstring curls, progressing as tolerated
- Single leg calf raises
- Leg extensions 90-45 with gradual increase in ROM (see general guidelines above)
- Plank progressions
- Leg press progressions
- Eccentric focused program
- Goblet squat
- Offset squats (biased for surgical side)
- DB eccentric step ups (forward and lateral)
- Lateral step downs
- Standing fire hydrant holds
- Single leg squats
- Higher level proprioceptive progressions

Week 14:

- Reorganize home program to address current deficiencies
- Front/back squat
- Lunge progressions (all directions)
- Progress weight with previous exercises
- Leg extensions 90-0 at week 12 (see general guidelines above)

Week 19: To prepare for Level 1 testing

- Initiate jumping progressions (see appendix)
- Initiate functional movement progressions (see appendix)

Week 20: Level 1 Return to Play testing (see appendix)

Other Activities:

• Aquatic program, resisted bike/elliptical intervals

Goals of Phase:

- 1. Improve muscular strength and endurance
- 2. Improve cardiovascular endurance and conditioning
- 3. Reduce fear and improve confidence in the limb

Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:

- 1. Full pain free active and passive ROM
- 2. Quad and HS deficit <25% 60o/ sec
- 3. Single leg step down with good form with no compensatory movements
- 4. Back squat 70% body weight with no compensatory movements

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Phase IV	Specific Instructions:	Goals of Phase:
Advanced	Reorganize home program to address current	1. Improve muscular strength,
Strengthening and	deficiencies	power, and endurance
Fower Flase	Suggested Treatments:	2. Improve cardiovascular
Weeks 20-24+	• Depending on specific demands of the patient's goal	Z Deduce fear and improve
	for an activity level	confidence in the limb
Expected visits: 8-16	Continued single leg strengthening as needed	4 Improved guad strength (80%
	More advanced strength and power lifts	of contralateral limb)
	• 3-4 sets of 2-8 reps for strength (heavy weight 2-3	5. Normalized gluteal strength
	min rest)	
	• 3-4 sets of 8-15 reps for hypertrophy (moderate	Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:
	weight, 45-60 sec rest)	1. Quad and HS deficit < 30% at
	 3-4 sets of 1-5 reps for power (lighter weight, 5-10 	60 deg/sec
	min rest)	2. Back squat to 80% body
	Eventies Eventues	weight with no compensatory
	Exercise Examples:	3 Excellent form with RTP
	Continue progression of strength training	movements
	• Dead lift, RDL	
	 Progress into power development (pulling derivatives) 	
	Clean pull, snatch pull, high pull, jump shrug	
Phase V	Clean pull, snatch pull, high pull, jump shrug	Critoria for Poginning Phaco V
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Phase V Advanced Movement Phase	 Clean pull, snatch pull, high pull, jump shrug Specific Instructions: Reorganize home program to address current deficiencies 	Criteria for Beginning Phase V Activities: 1. <25% strength deficit in guad.
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Phase V Advanced Movement Phase Weeks: 20+	 Clean pull, snatch pull, high pull, jump shrug Specific Instructions: Reorganize home program to address current deficiencies Suggested Treatments: 	Criteria for Beginning Phase V Activities: 1. <25% strength deficit in quad, HS, gluteals Selected Criteria for Discharge:
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**NOTE: Progression of functional activities should be performed only as pain and proper biomechanics allow. Emphasis should be on proper shock absorption and control of dynamic valgus stress at knee (hip medial rotation with knee valgus) with each task performed. Progression to single limb based tasks (deceleration, hopping, and cutting) should not be performed until double limb activities have been mastered. Activities requiring dynamic control of rotational stress at the knee (cutting, multiple plane lunges/jumps/hops) are initiated only after sagittal and frontal plane control is achieved. Return to sport may occur at any time during this stage per physician clearance and goal achievement. Return to sport may occur at any time during this stage as cleared by physician and as progress and goal achievement occurs.

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- 2. 2. Logan CA, O'Brien LT, Laprade RF. Post-operative rehabilitation of grade III medial collateral ligament injuries: evidence based rehabilitation and return to play. Int J Sport Phys Ther. 2016;11(7):1177-1190.
- 3. 3. Bakshi NK, Khan M, et al. Return to play after multiligament knee injuries in national football league athletes. Sport Health. 2018;10(6):495-499.
- 4. Lynch AD, Chmielewski T, Bailey L, at el. Current concepts and controversies in rehabilitation after surgery for multiple ligament knee injury. Curr Rev Musculoskeletal Med. 2017;10:328-345.

Interval Sprinting/Running Program

Guidelines

- Increase total distance by 10% per workout
- To be complete with no pain and or swelling
- Repeat 3 times at same distance with no swelling or pain prior to 10% increase

Stage I: Purpose: build up work capacity and improve technique

1. 5×20 yds or $5 \times \frac{3}{4}$ court 2. 4×50 yds or 4×2 full court 3. 5×40 yds or $5 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ court 4. 2×50 yds or $2 \times$ full court 5. 1×100 yds or 1×3 courts

Stage II: Purpose: work on increased speed and build intensity

5 x 20 yds or 5 x ³/₄ court (63 feet)
 4 x 50 yds or 4 x 2 full court (168 feet)
 5 x 40 yds or 5 x ³/₄ court (63 feet)
 2 x 50 yds or 2 x full court (168 feet)
 1 x 100 yds or 1 x 3 courts (252 feet)

Stage III: Purpose is to build into max speed with bias towards sports specific speed/ distance and metabolic demands.

*These sprint intervals should be developed based on the needs of the individual patient and the demands of the sport they are planning to return to, the program does not need to be 5 different levels, but intensity should be high.

1.

- 2.
- 3.
- **.**
- 4.
- 5.

Work:Rest Ratio or based on sports specific demands: _____:____ INTENSITY 90-100%

Plyometric Progressions

Guidelines

- Must be able to perform full, free-weight squat 1.5-2.5 times body weight or squat 60% of body weight five times in five seconds.3
- Add to sessions 1-2x/wk 3 days between sessions.
- Begin with 30-40 foot contacts per session and increase as able.
- No more than 80-120 foot contacts per session.

Step 1

- Jumping TO box (decreased landing forces)
- 2 legs to 2 legs
- 2 legs to 1 leg
- 1 leg to opposite leg
- 1 leg to same leg

Step 2

- Jumping FROM box
- Landing on 2

Step 3

- Squat jumps
- 1 leg jump -> 2 leg land
- 2 leg jump -> 1 leg land
- Split squat jumps -> scissor jumps
- 1 leg jump -> opposite leg land
- 1 leg jump -> same leg land

Step 4

- Progress to various planes of movement as able.
 - ie: Double leg broad jumps, single leg lateral hops, skater lateral jumps, bounding, drop jumps to jumps over hurdles forward or lateral, etc.

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^{1.} Bedoya AA, Milltenberger MR, Lopez RM. Plyometric training effects on athletic performance in youth soccer athletes: a systematic review. JSCR 2015.

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Movement Retraining Progressions

Guidelines

- Single skill blocked practice
- Single skill variable practice
- Combination of multiple skills in blocked practice
- Combination of multiple skills in variable practice
- Combination of multiple skills with reactive cueing
- Use sport specific work:rest ratios

Excellent lateral lunge at multiple speeds -> lateral shuffle cone drills

• Progressing to reactive drills

Excellent forward and reverse lunge at multiple speeds -> decelerations

- 3 step walking deceleration cone drill
- Jogging deceleration drills, increasing speed as able
- Reactive deceleration drills

Excellent lateral shuffle and deceleration at multiple speeds -> cutting

- Shallow cuts jogging (45 degrees)
- Deceleration to lateral shuffle cone drills, increasing speed as able
- Deceleration to 90 degrees cuts, increasing speed as able
- Reactive cutting drills

Excellent lateral shuffle, deceleration, cutting, and jumping

- Reactive, variable, combined drills
 - Utilize strobe glasses, resistance cords, cones, sport specifics, varied surfaces, perturbations



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